

Meeder Public Funds, Inc.

Advisory Services Brochure

FORM ADV, Part 2A

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Meeder Public Funds, Inc. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at the telephone number listed above. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) or by any state securities authority. Meeder Public Funds, Inc. is registered with the SEC as an investment adviser; however, registration does not imply any level of skill or training.

Additional information about Meeder Public Funds, Inc. is also available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

ITEM 2 – MATERIAL CHANGES

This brochure is updated annually and whenever any information in the brochure becomes materially inaccurate. Annually the firm provides clients with a copy of the updated brochure or a summary of material changes made since the last annual update. This section describes material updates and changes made to this ADV disclosure brochure since its last annual amendment dated March 31, 2021.

- **Item 4. Advisory Business.** A reference was added concerning the acquisition of the public funds advisory business of Patterson Capital Management LP.

Copies of the current ADV disclosure brochure are available on Meeder's website at www.meederinvestment.com or by contacting your investment representative.

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ITEM 4 – ADVISORY BUSINESS

Meeder Investment Management, Inc. (“MIM”) offers a complete range of equity, fixed income and cash management investment solutions through its wholly owned SEC registered investment advisers: Meeder Public Funds, Inc. (“MPF”), Meeder Asset Management, Inc. (“MAM”), and Meeder Advisory Services, Inc. (“MAS”). MIM’s principal owners are Robert Meeder, Jr. and Robert Meeder, Sr. All affiliates of MIM are located at 6125 Memorial Drive, Dublin, Ohio 43017 and share employees.

Meeder Public Funds, Inc.

MPF provides professional investment advisory and administrative services to state and local public funds managers utilizing a variety of fixed income portfolio solutions. The firm was established in 1990 and changed its name to Meeder Public Funds, Inc. in 2015. In 2021, MPF’s parent company entered into an assignment and purchase agreement with Patterson Capital Management LP (“Patterson”) under which MPF acquired Patterson’s public funds business. Upon closing of the transaction, existing clients of Patterson may become advisory clients of MPF and MPF may conduct business under the name Patterson & Associates.

As of December 31, 2020, MPF’s regulatory assets under management were \$16,236,380,148, of which \$13,578,090,148 was managed on a discretionary basis and \$2,658,290,411 was managed on a non-discretionary basis.

Investment Advisory Services

MPF provides a variety of investment advisory services to state and local governments, including counties, cities, school districts, villages, townships, universities, special districts, libraries,

state agencies and local government investment pools (“Public Clients”).

Separately Managed Accounts

MPF provides separately managed account services to Public Clients on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis. MPF provides Public Clients with investment advice limited to the purchase or sale of fixed income securities, including U.S. Government securities, agencies, commercial paper, banker’s acceptances, corporate bonds, municipal debt, bank deposits, and money market funds. MPF may also recommend a local government investment pool or other bank deposit programs or products for a client’s cash management needs.

MPF tailors its services to its Public Clients, utilizing investments permissible under the applicable state investment code and the Public Client’s investment policy. At the outset of each relationship, MPF will evaluate the Public Client’s needs, objectives and the terms of any existing investment policy statement. MPF will develop a portfolio around the Public Client’s objectives and the terms of the applicable state investment code. Subject to MPF approval, Public Clients may impose reasonable restrictions on the types or quantities of securities held in a client’s account.

Consulting Services

MPF offers non-discretionary consulting services to Public Clients, including provision of general portfolio management assistance; investment research and credit analysis; evaluation of existing investment portfolios and performance; development of internal controls and procedures; review and revision of investment policy statements; assessment of existing banking, brokerage or custodial relationships; and development of requests for proposals

for new banking, brokerage or custodial relationships. Consulting Services are sometimes offered along with separately managed account services but may be offered separately. Each Consulting Relationship is designed around the needs of the consulting client.

Local Government Investment Pools

MPF provides discretionary investment advisory services to Local Government Investment Pools (LGIP) available to counties, cities, school districts and other government entities. These investment vehicles combine funds contributed by participating entities and invest in securities permitted under the applicable state investment code and the written guidelines for each LGIP. MPF or its affiliates may also provide other services to LGIP clients, including administrative, transfer agency and fund accounting services.

ITEM 5 – FEES AND COMPENSATION

The fees charged by MPF for its advisory services are typically based on a percentage of eligible assets under management. Fees are negotiable and may vary depending on a variety of factors, including the types of investments permitted, the size of the portfolio, the relationship with the client, and specific service requirements for a given account.

STANDARD FEE SCHEDULE

Assets	Advisory Fee
Up to \$25,000,000	0.15%
\$25,000,000 - \$50,000,000	0.12%
\$50,000,000 - \$100,000,000	0.09%
Over \$100,000,000	0.06%

The fees shown are annual fees and may be negotiable depending on various factors, including the type and size of the account, services offered, and relationship to other accounts. For some clients, MPF also offers advisory services on a flat fee arrangement. Asset based advisory fees may be subject to a minimum fee. Consulting and educational services may be provided under asset based, hourly or flat fee arrangements that vary depending upon the scope of the engagement.

Typically, advisory fees are calculated and billed monthly in arrears based on the value of the eligible assets at the end of the billing period, but the method of payment is subject to negotiation and quarterly billing arrangements are available. MPF does not require its clients to pay fees in advance and accounts initiated or terminated during a billing period will be charged a prorated fee. Public Clients may authorize their custodian to directly debit the fee from assets held in the custodial account or elect to be billed by invoice.

Other Fees and Expenses

Public Clients may pay other expenses in addition to the fees paid to MPF, including brokerage commissions, transaction fees, custodial fees, transfer taxes, wire transfer fees, and other fees and taxes charged to brokerage accounts and securities transactions. Money market mutual funds, bank deposit programs and local government investment pools also charge internal management fees which are disclosed in a fund's prospectus or publicly available documentation and financial reports. Item 12 of this brochure provides additional information about the Adviser's brokerage practices.

Representative Compensation

MPF representatives typically earn a salary, plus year-end bonus dependent on a series of factors including firm profitability and each individual's achievement. Some MPF representatives also earn a portion of the advisory fee paid to MPF for the services offered in the account. Compensation varies depending on the program, the representative's overall revenue and any discounts offered. Our investment advisory representatives are paid on the same schedule regardless of the product offered and have no financial incentive to recommend one product over another.

Other Compensation

Some investment advisor representatives of MPF are also registered representatives of an affiliated brokerage firm, Meeder Distribution Services, Inc. ("MDS"). MPF does not direct brokerage order flow to MDS and its representatives do not receive commissions on the sale of securities purchased in advisory accounts. However, dually registered investment adviser representatives are eligible to receive compensation for the sale of securities, including commissions, distribution or service fees from the sale of mutual funds, when acting in the capacity of registered representatives of MDS.

The practice of accepting commissions for the sale of securities presents a conflict of interest that may give our firm or its supervised persons an incentive to recommend investment products based on the compensation received. The firm generally addresses this conflict by explaining to clients that commissionable securities sales create an incentive to recommend products based on the compensation that the firm or its supervised persons may earn and offering alternative fee-based advisory programs that do not pay commission-based compensation on the sale of mutual funds.

ITEM 6 – PERFORMANCE-BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT

MPF does not charge performance-based fees.

ITEM 7 – TYPES OF CLIENTS

MPF offers discretionary and non-discretionary fixed income investment advisory services to Public Clients, including counties, cities, school districts, villages, townships, universities, special districts, libraries, state agencies and local government investment pools..

ITEM 8 – METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

As an institutional fixed income manager, MPF's primary investment objectives are to provide safety of principal and liquidity appropriate to each Public Client's cash flow needs while maximizing yield. MPF tailors its advice to each Public Client, utilizing all investments permissible under the applicable state investment code and the Public Client's investment policy.

Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

MPF uses a combination of quantitative and qualitative methods of analysis to develop investment strategies for its Public Clients. Each recommended portfolio strategy includes duration and asset allocation targets for securities in the portfolio. Portfolios are constructed and positioned to enhance performance through duration management as deemed appropriate for the anticipated interest rate environment.

The adviser uses utilizes proprietary models designed to evaluate the direction of intermediate-term interest rates and select an overall duration target for a Public Client's portfolio. Short-term interest rate models are also utilized to structure purchases within the portfolios, helping to identify opportunities within the marketplace to maximize interest income for our clients.

Within each available asset class, MPF relies on a disciplined qualitative approach to selection of fixed income securities for Public Client portfolios. Considering credit risk and other fundamental factors, the adviser selects securities and issuers expected to optimize return potential within the applicable investment guidelines and restrictions.

MPF regularly reviews and analyzes portfolio allocation and securities selection for its clients in light of current market conditions. When making changes to portfolios, the adviser considers the impact on cash flows, average duration of the portfolio, and the portfolio's investment return over time. The adviser monitors its portfolios for portfolio risk and makes changes where equivalent earnings can be obtained with less risk.

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL RISKS

Investing in securities involves risk of loss. Although MPF manages assets in a manner consistent with its Public Clients' stated risk tolerance, portfolios may not produce the expected returns, may lose value, or may underperform other portfolios with similar investment objectives. Material risks associated with investing in

fixed income securities include:

Call Risk: Some fixed income securities are subject to the risk that an issuer will exercise a right to redeem the security earlier than expected, often in response to declining interest rates or improvements in issuer credit quality. If an issuer calls a security held by a client, the client may not recoup the full amount of the initial investment or realize the anticipated earnings from the investment, resulting in reinvestment in lower-yielding securities.

Credit Risk: Corporate debt and other fixed income securities are subject to the risk that the issuer will be unable to meet principal and interest payments on the obligation. A decline in the credit quality of a fixed income investment, held directly or inside a fund or investment pool, could cause a loss in value. When interest rates rise, the value of corporate debt securities typically declines. Changes in interest rates, economic conditions and default expectations can impact the value of fixed income securities.

Cybersecurity Risk: Cybersecurity breaches may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to the adviser's proprietary information or customer data or cause the adviser or its service providers to suffer data corruption or lose operational functionality. Although the adviser has established cybersecurity and data protection protocols, there is no guarantee that these efforts will succeed or that a third-party service provider or issuer will not suffer a cybersecurity breach and related loss.

Government, Political and Regulatory Risk: Legislative and regulatory action by the U.S., the Federal Reserve and other governments can impair the value of securities held in an account or the ability of the adviser to carry out a strategy.

Interest Rate Risk: Fixed income securities will increase or decrease in value based on changes in interest rates. If rates increase, the value of fixed income investments will generally decline. On the other hand, if rates fall, the value of the fixed income investments generally increases. The market value of debt securities (including U.S. Government securities) with longer maturities is likely to respond to changes in interest rates to a greater degree than the market value of fixed income securities with shorter maturities.

Liquidity Risk: The liquidity of fixed income securities can be dependent upon the level of demand for the security, the willingness and ability of intermediaries to make a market for the security, and the level of interest from other investors to purchase the security. In times of economic and market stress, the adviser may not be able to sell securities at a time and price that is most favorable to the client. In addition, bank certificates of deposit are non-negotiable and principal loss may occur if a client elects to sell the certificate before it matures.

Market Risk: The value of securities held in an account may decline due to general market conditions or other factors, including those directly involving the issuers of such securities. Securities markets may decline significantly in response to adverse issuer,

regulatory, political, or economic developments. Unexpected local, regional or global events and their aftermath, such as war; acts of terrorism; financial, political or social disruptions; natural, environmental or man-made disasters; epidemics, pandemics and other public health crises; recessions and depressions; or other tragedies, catastrophes and events could have a significant impact on investments held in accounts or portfolios.

Quantitative Analysis Risk: The adviser relies on quantitative data supplied by third parties to evaluate investments and construct optimal portfolios. In the event this data is inaccurate or incomplete, investment decisions may be compromised. If future market environments do not reflect the assumptions made in our quantitative models, quantitative investment strategies may not be successful.

ITEM 9 – DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

We are required to disclose all material facts regarding any legal or disciplinary events that would be material to your evaluation of us or the integrity of our management. MPF has no reportable disclosures.

ITEM 10 – OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

MPF is a wholly owned subsidiary of MIM. Other wholly owned subsidiaries of MIM include MAM, MAS, Meeder Distribution Services, Inc. (“MDS”), Mutual Funds Service Company (“MFSCo”) and Meeder Insurance Services, LLC. In some cases, these affiliate arrangements create a potential conflict of interest between MPF and the client. These conflicts of interest are discussed in more detail in Item 11 – Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading.

MAM is a registered investment adviser that serves as the investment adviser for the Meeder family of Mutual Funds. In addition, MAM provides investment advisory services to individuals, corporations, institutional entities, public entities, retirement plans and their participants.

MAS is registered investment adviser that that offers investment strategist and portfolio management services to independent broker-dealers, investment advisers, and other financial intermediaries. In addition, MAS provides investment management services to retirement plans and their participants.

MDS is a limited purpose broker-dealer and FINRA member firm which serves as the principal distributor of the Meeder Funds. MDS does not hold client accounts or execute trades for MIM affiliates.

MFSCo provides shareholder, transfer agent and dividend distribution services for the Meeder Funds and local government investment pools. Acting as the administrator for Meeder Funds, MFSCo also enters into selling agreements with unaffiliated

broker-dealers and financial intermediaries to distribute and provide other services in connection with the sale of fund shares.

Meeder Insurance Services, LLC. is a licensed insurance agency. Some Meeder representatives are licensed insurance agents or representatives of Meeder Insurance Services who may recommend the purchase of certain insurance products. Insurance products are offered on a commission basis.

ITEM 11 – CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION IN CLIENT ACCOUNTS AND PERSONAL TRADING

Code of Ethics

MPF has adopted a Code of Ethics that complies with Rule 17j-1 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and Rule 204A-1 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. The Code sets forth fiduciary standards that govern the conduct of directors, officers and employees who have access to client information. The Code incorporates the firm’s outside employment, political contribution, and gift policies. Personnel subject to the Code must acknowledge their compliance with the Code and applicable securities laws and report any violations of the Code with which they become aware to the firm’s Chief Compliance Officer. A copy of the Code is available to prospective and current clients upon request.

Personal Trading Policies

Directors, officers and employees of MPF and its affiliates may take positions in securities owned by the firm’s clients, which may pose a potential conflict of interest. The firm has implemented policies designed to detect and mitigate such conflicts of interest, including prohibitions on unacceptable trading activities, such as front running, short-swing trading and insider trading. Directors, officers and employees who recommend securities or have access to non-public information are prohibited from trading materially in reportable securities recommended to clients in close proximity to the client’s transaction. Employees having access to this information must also make periodic reports of their securities accounts and transactions in reportable securities.

Participation in Client Accounts

Where appropriate, MPF may recommend or endorse the use of local government investment pools to its Public Clients for cash management purposes. Assets placed in a local government investment pool in which MPF or one of its affiliates earns advisory or administration fees are not included among eligible assets when calculating the advisory fee charged by MPF. Because MPF or its affiliates receive fees in connection with some programs we sponsor or recommend, use of these programs presents a conflict of interest. To mitigate this conflict, MPF fully discloses this relationship and the terms and conditions of each program to its clients before recommending a local government investment pool with which it is affiliated.

ITEM 12 – BROKERAGE PRACTICES

Selection of Broker-Dealers for Client Transactions

MPF trades with a list of local and nationally recognized broker-dealers that have been selected by the adviser based on their reputation, competitive pricing, and trade execution. MPF's goal when selecting a particular broker or dealer is to obtain the best price and trade execution for our Public Clients. When selecting broker-dealers, MPF does not consider whether the adviser or an affiliate receives Public Client referrals from the broker-dealer.

Public Clients may direct MPF to execute transactions through specific broker-dealers selected by the Public Client. When selecting this option, the Public Client may forgo any benefits from savings on execution costs that the adviser may obtain for its other clients through volume discounts on aggregated orders and may pay higher commission rates than other clients of the adviser.

Directed Brokerage and Soft Dollar Arrangements

MPF does not engage in directed brokerage or soft dollar arrangements, including markups or markdowns in order to obtain research or any other product or service from any broker-dealer.

Trade Aggregation

MPF may elect to aggregate contemporaneous trades for the purchase or sale of securities across multiple client accounts. Aggregation of trades enables MPF to obtain more efficient execution and better pricing than would otherwise be available if orders were not aggregated. Where the amount of securities available at a particular price and time does not satisfy the needs of all clients participating in the transaction, MPF will follow its trade allocation policy, which is designed to ensure that securities allocations in discretionary accounts are made in a fair and equitable manner.

When aggregating trades, MPF typically informs the broker-dealer or custodian of the specific par amounts purchased for each client and directs the broker-dealer or custodian to deliver the specific par amounts to the clients at their respective custodial accounts versus payment. Each client participating in the aggregated transaction receives the same price and participation in such trade on a pro-rata basis. When allocating trades, MPF may increase or decrease the amount of securities allocated to a client if necessary to take investment restrictions into account, avoid undesirable position size, or satisfy other client preferences.

Trade Error Policy

MPF has established a trade error policy to address instances in which the adviser makes an error when ordering, executing or settling securities transactions for a client account. In the event a trading error is caused by the action or inaction of the adviser, MPF will correct the error so that the client is returned to the same economic position it would have been in had the error not

occurred. If the error or trading delay was caused by a third-party broker-dealer, custodian or adviser, MPF may in its discretion reimburse the client in whole or in part for the loss but is not required to do so.

MPF will reimburse clients for losses resulting from a MPF error in the client's account. If an erroneous trade settles in a client account and results in a gain, the client will retain the resulting gain unless the client elects to decline it. When calculating trading losses, the adviser does not net gains and losses between clients or between investments in an affected account except in connection with corrections approved by the client.

MPF may establish error accounts with certain brokers for the sole purpose of correcting trade errors. Any securities acquired by such an account for purposes of correcting a trade error are promptly disposed of. The firm does not maintain an error account balance or utilize brokerage commissions or other client funds to correct or resolve trade errors. All trade errors and related calculations are documented and reported to the compliance department.

ITEM 13 – REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

MPF generally performs a daily review of transactions in Public Client accounts and portfolios are generally reviewed at least monthly. In addition, Public Client portfolio reviews may be conducted in response to changes in market conditions or changes to client situations. Generally, the assigned portfolio manager performs account reviews in coordination with the portfolio management team.

On a monthly or quarterly basis depending on client needs, MPF generally provides Public Clients with written periodic investment reports summarizing holdings information. In addition, MPF may provide additional forms of reporting to Public Clients as agreed by MPF and the client. Public Clients also receive a summary statement from their qualified custodian or safekeeping agent at least quarterly.

ITEM 14 – CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION

MPF may pay referral fees, known as solicitor payments, to unaffiliated third-party broker-dealers and investment advisers pursuant to a written agreement. Under these agreements, MPF or one of its affiliated advisers pays a fee collected from the Public Client to the referring broker-dealer or investment adviser. Annual fees payable to solicitors are negotiable and may be based on a percentage of the client fee or the value of the client's account. MPF utilizes these arrangements to introduce our services to clients who might not otherwise be aware of the services we offer. Each solicitor who recommends or endorses our services is required to provide the prospective client with full disclosure of the solicitor's relationship with MPF and the material terms of the compensation arrangement.

MPF or its affiliates have also entered into written agreements

with unaffiliated investment advisers whereby MPF recommends or endorses that firm's investment advisory services to its clients. MPF or its affiliate receives a portion of the fees charged by the unaffiliated investment adviser in return for referring the account. Annual fees payable under such arrangements are negotiable and may be based on a percentage of the client fee or the value of the client's account. This arrangement presents a conflict of interest because it provides MPF with an incentive to solicit and secure participation in the program. Under each such arrangement, MPF is required to provide prospective clients with full disclosure of MPF's relationship with the recommended firm and the material terms of the compensation arrangement.

MPF and its affiliates offer several bank deposit programs to clients, both directly and in affiliation with third parties. In some programs, MPF's affiliates receive payments from third parties for introducing new clients or depository institutions to the program. Our affiliates also sometimes make payments to third parties that introduce the adviser to new clients or depository institutions. These arrangements are described more fully in the program materials for each such program. These arrangements present a conflict of interest because we earn fees from these programs that would not be earned in unaffiliated cash sweep programs or money market funds. We mitigate this conflict through full disclosure of the program terms and compensation arrangements.

ITEM 15 – CUSTODY

MPF and its affiliates do not provide custodial services to Public Clients. Public Clients may elect to use the services of MPF's preferred custodian or elect to maintain assets at a bank, broker-dealer, or other qualified custodian of their choosing.

ITEM 16 – INVESTMENT DISCRETION

MPF will manage Public Client assets on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis. Under either circumstance, the adviser will observe limitations and restrictions that are outlined in each Public Client's investment policy agreement or restrictions imposed by state laws or regulations. Investment guidelines and restrictions must be provided to the adviser in writing.

For non-discretionary Public Clients, MPF will make recommendations that must be authorized by the Public Client prior to execution of the transaction. For discretionary Public Clients, securities will be purchased and sold for the account without obtaining prior approval for the security selected, amount of securities bought or sold, or the broker-dealer used to execute each transaction. Authorization for discretionary management is obtained through a signed investment management agreement. Discretionary management of accounts is undertaken in accordance with the applicable state investment code and the Public Client's investment policy.

ITEM 17 – VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

MPF does not accept or have the authority to vote Public Client securities. Public Clients will receive their proxies or other solicitations directly from their custodian or transfer agent. Public Clients may contact MPF if they have questions regarding a particular solicitation, but MPF will not be deemed to have proxy voting authority solely as a result of providing advice or information about a particular proxy vote to a client.

MPF will neither advise nor act on behalf of clients in legal proceedings involving companies whose securities are held in a client's account, including the filing of "proofs of claim" in connection with class action settlements. Clients may elect to direct MPF to send copies of class action notices directly to them or to a third-party. When so directed, MPF will make commercially reasonable efforts to forward such notices in a timely manner.

ITEM 18 – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

MPF has no financial commitments that impair its ability to meet contractual and fiduciary commitments to its clients and has not been subject to a bankruptcy proceeding. While confident of its ability to meet contractual and fiduciary commitments, the firm evaluated resources made available by the government to help businesses handle the negative financial impact of COVID-19. In April 2020, MPF's parent company, Meeder Investment Management, Inc., received a Paycheck Protection Plan ("PPP") loan through the U.S. Small Business Administration in conjunction with the relief afforded under the CARES Act. Meeder Investment Management utilized the PPP loan to continue making payroll for various aspects of the firm's business and for other permissible purposes, many of which are unrelated to the fiduciary and administrative services provided by the Adviser. The loan may be forgiven in whole or in part in the event the firm satisfies the terms of the program.